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Video Landing Parameter Survey—Washington National Airport

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Final Report

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16. Abstract

The Federal Aviation Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center is conducting a series of video landing parameter surveys at high-capacity commercial airports to acquire a better understanding of typical contact conditions for a wide variety of aircraft and airports as they relate to current aircraft design criteria and practices.

This was the second in a ongoing series of parameter landing surveys and was conducted at Washington National Airport in June 1995. Four video cameras were temporarily installed along the east side of runway 36. Video images of 532 transport, (525 narrow-body jets and 7 commuter jets) were captured, analyzed, and the results presented herein. Landing parameters presented include sink rate; approach speed; touchdown pitch, roll, and yaw angles; off-center distance; and the touchdown distance from the runway threshold measured along the runway center line. Wind and weather conditions were also recorded and landing weights were available for most landings. Since this program is only concerned with the overall statistical usage information, all data were processed and are presented without regard to the airline or the flight number.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) William J. Hughes Technical Center is conducting a series of video landing parameter surveys at high-activity commercial airports to acquire a better understanding of typical landing contact conditions for a wide variety of aircraft and airports as they relate to current aircraft design criteria and practices.

This is the second of a series of landing parameter surveys. This report documents the results from a survey at Washington National Airport (DCA), performed in June 1995. The initial survey was conducted at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK) in June 1994. At Washington National Airport, four video cameras were temporarily installed along the east side of runway 36. Video images of 532 transports (525 narrow-body jet transports, and 7 commuter jet aircraft) were captured, analyzed, and the results presented herein. Landing parameters presented include sink rate; approach speed; touchdown pitch, roll, and yaw angles; off-center distance; and the touchdown distance from the runway threshold. Wind and weather conditions were also recorded and landing weights were available for most landings. Since this program is only concerned with overall statistical usage information, all data were processed and are presented without regard to the airline or flight number.

This survey has reinforced the findings from the JFK survey concerning the landing impact parameters of narrow-body jet aircraft. The results from these two surveys differ substantially from aircraft sink speeds reported 35 years ago during National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) surveys. No other efforts to collect operational landing data were performed by either the FAA or NASA in the interim.

1. INTRODUCTION.

In an effort to better understand and document the actual operational environment of commercial jet transport aircraft landing impact conditions, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) William J. Hughes Technical Center initiated a series of aircraft video landing parameter surveys at high-activity commercial airports. By collecting and analyzing large quantities of video data for a wide variety of aircraft, the original design criteria and fatigue-life estimates for aircraft landing gear and support structures can be assessed and verified. This operational data will also aid in developing design requirements for future jet transports.

The use of image data to evaluate the landing performance of aircraft has been used since jet aircraft were introduced. In 1947 [1], the US Navy first developed a system to characterize the typical carrier landing environment and implemented procedures to make carrier arrested landings safer. The Navy system acquired aircraft landing and approach data from the tracking and analysis of recorded 16-mm film images of the arrestment. In 1954, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) developed a similar system using a 35-mm camera and conducted a number of surveys of commercial airplanes, the last ones in 1959 [2-7]. The difference between the two systems was that the Navy photographed from a head-on aspect along the runway apron, while NASA's camera was positioned perpendicular to the runway, approximately 900 feet from the runway center line.

In 1967, the Navy enhanced its system by replacing the 16-mm cameras with 70-mm cameras. This provided considerably greater image resolution and consequently greater accuracy [8]. Using this system, the Navy conducted over 40 landing parameter surveys. However, the data reduction phase of the research was labor intensive and limited the number of surveys which could be conducted. The search for a new improved system was concluded in 1992 when the Navy successfully developed and implemented a system that uses adaptive video imaging and tracking technology for their surveys. The performance and accuracy of this system is documented in references 9 and 10. Shortly thereafter, the FAA and the Navy established an interagency agreement to transition this newly developed video technology to commercial operations [11].

Preliminary results from this work were presented at the 1995 ICAF Symposium [12], the 1995 FAA Airports Conference [13], the 1995 International Society of Air Safety Investigators Conference [14], and the 1995 USAF ASIP Conference [15].

The objectives of the FAA landing parameter survey program are to acquire large amounts of typical transport operational data to (1) validate and update NASA TN D 4529 which was derived from usage data measured during the 1950s, (2) to provide detailed characterization of typical transport airplane landing velocities and angular displacements, and (3) to determine if there is a trend towards higher sink rates at higher gross weights.

The first of the FAA's commercial aircraft video landing surveys was conducted in 1994 at John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK), runway 13L, in New York to collect large quantities of wide-body jet aircraft data [16].

The second survey performed at Washington National Airport collected landing parameters for flight operations using a shorter runway. The principle runway (runway 36) at Washington National Airport is 7000 ft long and cannot handle aircraft larger than the Airbus A-320 and the Boeing 757. In addition, since prior NASA surveys collected only data from narrow-body B-707 and DC-8 airplanes, this would allow a comparison with the previous NASA results. Data from this survey should be useful in the design and certification of narrow-body transport aircraft.

Video images of aircraft landing on runway 36 were recorded by a series of four cameras temporarily installed on the edge of the runway. Runway 36 was selected for this survey since it is the only runway at Washington National Airport equipped with an Instrument Landing System (ILS). The data were collected on runway 36 over a 2-week period in June 1995. These video images were stored on an optical disk recorder, processed, and analyzed at the Naval Air Warfare Center, and the resulting landing parameter information was forwarded to the William J. Hughes Technical Center.

Since the primary goal of this survey was to collect statistical information on actual operations, the identity of individual aircraft, airlines, flight numbers, and dates were purposefully omitted from this report. Aircraft landing performance was analyzed only on the basis of aircraft category, model, type, and wind conditions.

2. SYSTEM DESCRIPTION.

Modern developments in video technology have permitted the Navy to transition its landing parameter data analysis system from using photographic film to one using video technology. The Navy video system is known as the Naval Aircraft Approach and Landing Data Acquisition System (NAALDAS). The system consists of a high-resolution frame grab video camera, a laser disk recorder, and a computer control unit. The key to the NAALDAS system is a highly modified video camera. The camera's enhanced vertical resolution (double that of standard video formats) permits highly accurate measurement and tracking of aircraft position data. The camera is supported by an image analysis system using image processing technology. Particular image features (landing gear wheels, wing tips, flaps, or engine inlets) are tracked in successive images, and this information is used to determine the relative motion of the aircraft. The combination of camera resolution and image processing technology permits the location of image features to be determined within 0.1 pixel. This technique is as accurate, but more efficient than the Navy's previously used 70-mm film system.

NAALDAS was designed to cover the restricted touchdown area on an aircraft carrier using a single camera. To support the commercial application, the FAA funded the design and development of a modified, multiple-camera configuration of NAALDAS using four video cameras located along the edge of the runway. The images from these cameras are recorded sequentially as the aircraft passes through their field of view. This modification expands the system coverage area to approximately 2000 ft along the anticipated touchdown region of the runway. Fiber-optic signal cables are used to eliminate interference and line losses between the cameras and the recording station. The modified configuration of NAALDAS was successfully

tested in February 1994 at the William J. Hughes Technical Center, Atlantic City International Airport (ACY), New Jersey. Figure 1 shows a camera in operation on a commercial runway.



FIGURE 1. VIDEO CAMERA IN OPERATION DURING COMMERCIAL LANDING PARAMETER SURVEY

The video cameras are installed on the edge of the runway, usually facing toward the approaching aircraft. The cameras are located approximately 475 feet apart, starting 800 feet from the end of the runway, and usually located in line with the runway edge lights, which at Washington National Airport are approximately 110 ft off the runway center line. The camera is aimed at the center of the targeted touchdown area. The camera's aim is fixed and does not track the aircraft. Figure 2 is a schematic of the multiple camera configuration. Because of the location of a runway intersection 1750 feet from the runway 36 threshold at Washington National Airport, one camera was oriented toward the runway 18 end and recorded data from a rear view of the aircraft. Less than 20 landings from this survey were processed from this rear view camera.

The NAALDAS video cameras have a fixed field of view. Each camera is aligned and calibrated against temporary alignment targets which are placed on the runway for that purpose. These targets are placed in surveyed locations, and the target images are recorded as a calibration sequence. This sequence is processed to generate a transformation matrix to relate image measurements to the runway.

The NAALDAS data recording system is operated from a vehicle parked in a safe location near the touchdown region of the survey runway. Judicious selection of this parking location is required to prevent any interference with airport operations. At Washington National Airport, this location was 350 ft from the runway center line. Temporary cabling is run from the vehicle to the cameras and the vehicle remains in the chosen location during flight operations. The system is powered entirely with portable electrical generators. Currently NAALDAS is limited to coverage of one end of a runway and cannot be relocated to accommodate runway changes.

This restriction exists since the cameras must be precisely aimed and recalibrated if they are relocated, which requires the runway be closed.

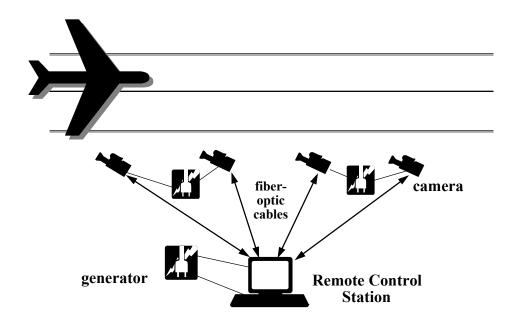


FIGURE 2. FAA LANDING LOADS CAMERA SETUP

The aircraft image is captured on an optical laser disk recorder for subsequent analysis on the NAALDAS analysis system work station. Approximately 60 landings can be stored on a disk. An identity number is assigned to the disk, and event numbers are assigned to each video sequence. The use of video disks eliminates film processing cost and time.

Image enhancement and automatic data point tracking are performed using the analysis work station. This provides position time information of image features on the aircraft. Each individual airplane landing is also identified by model type and serial number so that the necessary physical dimensions and geometric locations can be correlated with the time-tracked video images. The software data reduction system then derives the landing impact parameters, i.e., sinking speed, horizontal velocity, bank angle, crab angle, etc.

The analysis station consists of a Sun computer work station with an image processing board, laser disk player, computer monitor, high-resolution monitor, and associated power regulator and cables. The station operator automatically tracks the video image features during the landing sequence. By positioning windows over the desired image feature, the operator prepares the system to track that feature through the entire sequence. Multiple-image features can be tracked simultaneously using multiple windows. The operator has the capability to select image threshold levels, image enhancement formats, and algorithms. The operator can also select the type of tracking (edge or centroid) to be used. These selections allow the system to automatically track the image, eliminating the errors in data reduction which were inherent in the manual

tracking procedures used with the 70-mm film system. The centroid tracking algorithm enables the system to locate image features with subpixel accuracy.

Once the image sequence is tracked, the pixel information is transformed, digitized, and entered into the landing parameter analysis software. This software takes image position information, determines the change in image feature position of successive frames at a rate of 30 frames per second, and generates position time curves for the feature.

In addition to the video images, from which the ground contact parameters are derived, other data describing each landing are collected during the video survey to determine which set of geometric data to use in the analysis. An anemometer, temporarily installed near the survey site, collected wind speed and direction for each landing. An estimate of the aircraft's touchdown landing weight was provided by the aircraft operators.

3. DISCUSSION.

3.1 WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT DATA SUMMARY.

Video images from a total of 532 landings from the survey at Washington National Airport (DCA) were processed. A total of 525 jet transport aircraft landings were analyzed, along with seven landings of the Canadair Regional Jet transport.

The video landing survey data acquisition equipment was installed on the east side of runway 36, a 150-foot-wide, 7,000-foot-long runway. This runway was selected after reviewing historical landing runway operations data and determining that suitable camera positions were available. Once the survey cameras are installed and calibrated, they cannot be moved to adjust to changes in operation caused by wind shifts. During much of the survey the winds frequently favored operations on the other end of the runway. However, since runway 36 was the only Washington National Airport runway equipped with an ILS for operations in low-visibility conditions, landings were performed on runway 36 even with adverse wind conditions.

Although there were a significant number of commuter aircraft landings at the airport, a statistically significant number of commuter landings were not recorded. The airports other two runways were used solely for commuters. The commuter terminal at Washington National Airport is located at the North End of the terminal complex. Commuter aircraft landing on runway 36 would descend to within a few feet of touchdown and then maintain that altitude until beyond the coverage area of our cameras. We believe this was done to reduce the time needed to taxi to the terminal. Similarly, since the main terminal is located at the center of the terminal complex, there was an incentive for the jet transports to touchdown as close as practical to the runway threshold to exit the runway as near as possible to the terminal. This may contribute to the sink speed distribution observed.

The analysis of image data provides the aircraft's closure speed with respect to the camera. The reported value of approach speed is the sum of closure speed and the component of wind parallel to the center line of the runway. The wind speed and direction information measured using an anemometer situated near the touchdown location was used to calculate the approach speed.

Landing parameters for 525 narrow-body transports and 7 commuter jet landings were calculated using the procedures described in references 8 and 10. Table 1 summarizes the primary landing parameters for the ten model types covered in this survey. The table provides the mean and standard deviation and the number of observations for selected landing parameters. More detailed summaries are provided in appendix A. Scatter plots of aircraft sink speed versus landing weight and approach speed versus landing weight are presented in figures 3 and 4. The values of landing parameters determined for individual landings in the survey are provided in appendix B. Landing parameter survey definitions in appendix C provide an explanation of the symbols and definition of parameters used in this report.

TABLE 1. SURVEY PARAMETER COMPARISON BY AIRCRAFT MODEL

	NARROW-BODY JET TRANSPORTS								
Aircraft Model	Number of Events	7,771	Closure Speed	Approach Speed	Sink Speed	Pitch Angle	Roll Angle	Yaw Angle	Runway Off- Center Distance
A-320	26	Mean	135.4	137.4	3.07	6.63	-1.3	-4.19	1.81
		Std. Dev.	9.47	9.02	2.22	1.13	2.75	4.91	5.65
B-727	106	Mean	137.3	139.4	2.33	5.31	-0.38	-3.38	3.37
		Std. Dev.	11.01	10.98	1.82	1.43	2.89	4.71	5.62
B-737-100	120	Mean	137.3	139.5	2.2	5.36	-0.77	-2.28	3.79
		Std. Dev.	10.34	10.12	1.54	1.8	2.82	4.28	4.02
B-737-300	8	Mean	141	142.9	2.82	5.91	-1.71	-4.44	0.25
		Std. Dev.	12.2	12.4	1.59	1.55	2.32	4.71	7.01
B-757	60	Mean	129.3	131.5	2.56	6.2	-0.8	-3.03	3.73
		Std. Dev.	8.16	7.48	1.82	1.12	2.52	4.71	6.66
DC-9	70	Mean	132.5	134.8	2.43	4.88	-1.19	-2.25	4.33
		Std. Dev.	9.89	9.42	1.5	1.19	2.27	4.91	4.42
F-28	3	Mean	121	123	2.54	5.00	-2.83	-0.93	2.0
		Std. Dev.	3.02	3.91	1.12	1.98	5.77	8.79	1.63
F-100	14	Mean	123.2	125.5	2.31	4.11	-0.97	-2.09	4.43
		Std. Dev.	15.09	15.1	1.55	0.8	4.06	5.12	5.32
MD-80	118	Mean	137.2	139.4	2.57	5.3	-0.45	-3.78	2.86
		Std. Dev.	10.33	10.14	1.57	1.4	3.99	5.22	4.39
		R	EGIONA	L JET TRA	ANSPOR	TS			
Canadair RJ	7	Mean	128	129.8	3.62	3.21	-1.17	-3.29	2.14
		Std. Dev.	15.7	15.43	2.16	2.27	2.37	5.77	3.27

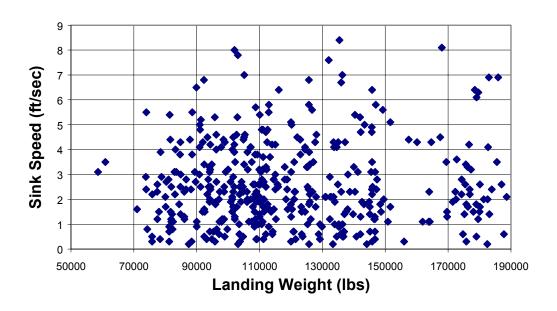


FIGURE 3. AVERAGE MAIN WHEEL SINK SPEED VERSUS LANDING WEIGHT, ALL JET TRANSPORTS

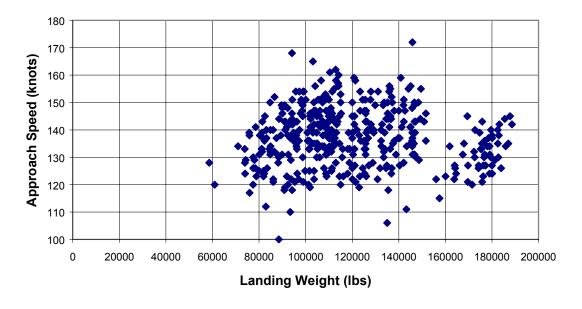


FIGURE 4. APPROACH SPEED VERSUS LANDING WEIGHT, ALL JET TRANSPORTS

3.2 COMPARISON OF WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT RESULTS WITH JOHN F. KENNEDY (JFK) INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT RESULTS.

A comparison of the results obtained from this survey and the previous results obtained at the John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK) in New York is presented in table 2. The number of aircraft models available for direct comparison is somewhat limited since the survey at Washington National Airport did not include any wide-body jets, which were one of the primary areas of interest for the JFK International Airport survey. In addition, no A-320 landings were recorded at JFK. This left five narrow-body jet models for comparison, although the number of Boeing 737 aircraft recorded at JFK was extremely small.

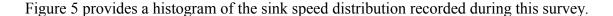
TABLE 2. COMPARISON OF LANDING SURVEY RESULTS

		Washington National Airport Survey			Kennedy
				Airpor	t Survey
		Approach	Average	Approach	Average
Aircraft		Speed	Sink Speed	Speed	Sink Speed
Model		Summary	Summary	Summary	Summary
ъ .	Mean	139.4	2.33	139.7	2.25
Boeing	Standard Deviation	10.98	1.82	7.75	1.53
727	No. of landings	106	106	84	84
ъ.	Mean	131.5	2.56	130.5	2.01
Boeing	Standard Deviation	7.48	1.82	10.27	1.46
757	No. of landings	60	60	79	79
	Mean	134.8	2.43	138.2	2.22
DC-9	Standard Deviation	9.42	1.5	9.37	1.85
	No. of landings	70	70	42	42
	Mean	139.4	2.57	137.2	2.11
MD-80	Standard Deviation	10.14	1.57	11.09	1.56
	No. of landings	118	118	36	36

The sample size for any one model type is not sufficient to conduct any meaningful comparison or draw conclusions regarding the sink rate and approach velocity of each aircraft model. The apparent differences in mean values and standard deviation of table 2 may result from the difference in runway length (9000 ft at JFK and 7000 ft at Washington National) and approach patterns at the two airports.

An unexpected number of high sink speed landings were observed during this survey. While aircraft sink speeds of 10 ft/sec are frequently observed during carrier operations, it was anticipated that landings in excess of 4 ft/sec would be rather rare in commercial operations. The results of this survey have identified 103 landings (almost 20%) which had sink speeds of 4 ft/sec or more and 3 landings were between 8 and 9 ft/sec. In comparison, 90 landings with sink speeds in excess of 4 ft/sec were measured during the JFK International Airport survey (15%). The JFK survey measured six landings in excess of 8.0 ft/sec, four narrow- and two wide-body jets. The design limit descent velocity for commercial transports is 10 ft/sec [17], and

14 CFR 25, Aeronautics and Space, Airworthiness Standards: Transport Category Airplanes, considers this a once per lifetime event. The 14 CFR 25 does not specify a sink speed frequency distribution. The military specification MIL-A-8866 for similar aircraft assumes a 10-ft/sec landing occurs once every 2000 landings and a 9-ft/sec landing once every 1000 landings.



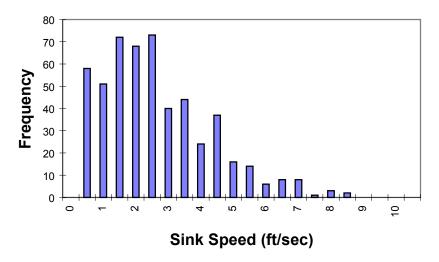


FIGURE 5. HISTOGRAM OF JET TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT SINK SPEED, WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT SURVEY

Since there is no equivalent commercial specification, the observed sink speed distributions from the Washington National Airport and JFK International Airport surveys were compared with the distributions from MIL-A-8866. Commercial manufacturers estimate the anticipated usage of the aircraft during the airplanes design phase. Figure 6 is a plot of the probability that an aircraft's sink speed would reach a particular value. The military specifications are identified as the MIL-A-8866 curve. Separate curves are included for narrow-body aircraft from the Washington National Airport and JFK International Airport surveys.

3.3 COMPARISON WITH PRIOR NASA RESULTS.

The early NASA photographic landing surveys [3-6] were conducted in the late 1950's and early 1960's to determine whether a significant difference existed between the sink rates of narrow-body jet airplanes and piston engine transports. These studies determined that the jet airplanes did have sink speeds greater than the piston transports, however since these values averaged well below 2 ft/sec, the continued use of a 10-ft/sec design value was considered to be appropriate.

The data collected in the JFK International Airport and Washington National Airport surveys show sink rates considerably greater than those from the prior NASA research. These new findings are of considerable concern to both the FAA and industry, so much so that a joint FAA and industry research team has been established to independently check system accuracy and to determine the exact cause of these differences.

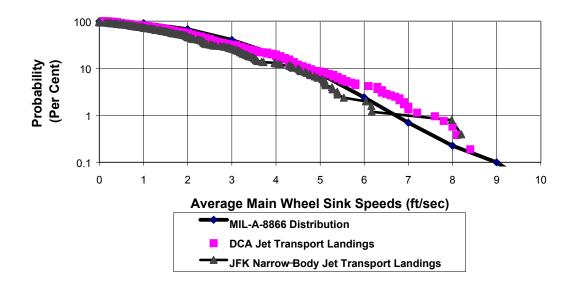


FIGURE 6. PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION OF FAA LANDING SURVEY SINK SPEED COMPARISON

4. CONCLUDING REMARKS.

This research is part of a continuing effort to conduct a series of landing parameter surveys intended to assess current design and regulatory requirements for aircraft landing gear and support structure. Results of this survey are as follows.

- The video landing data acquisition system has been shown to be a practical, cost-effective technique for collecting large quantities of typical landing parameter data at a major commercial airport.
- The survey results have been consistent, the two surveys demonstrated comparable results for similar aircraft models.
- The sink speed distributions resulting from these FAA surveys are greater than those found in previous NASA work. The volume and intensity of current flight operations may contribute to this variation.
- Due to the dispersion of landing parameters, an analysis of weather effects on landing parameters should be undertaken during subsequent surveys.
- Additional survey data are needed to properly assess current regulatory requirements.

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APPENDIX A—STATISTICAL DATA FOR FAA LANDING PARAMETERS SURVEY DATA SUMMARY BY MODEL AT WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

AIRCRAFT MODEL AIRBUS A-320

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.84	2.24	ft/sec	26
Starboard Wheel	3.19	2.3	ft/sec	26
Average of Main Wheels	3.07	2.22	ft/sec	26
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	135.4	9.47	knots	26
Approach Speed	137.4	9.02	knots	26
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.08	2.69	knots	26
Perpendicular Component	5.23	3.38	knots	26
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	6.63	1.13	degrees	26
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-1.3	2.75	degrees	26
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-4.19	4.91	degrees	26
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.77	0.55	degrees	26
Distance From Touchdown to Runway	1099	218	feet	26
Threshold				
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	1.81	5.65	feet	26
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	126669	7221	pounds	24

AIRCRAFT MODEL BOEING 727

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.2	2.03	ft/sec	106
Starboard Wheel	2.45	1.91	ft/sec	106
Average of Main Wheels	2.33	1.82	ft/sec	106
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	137.2	11.01	knots	106
Approach Speed	139.4	10.98	knots	106
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.18	2.58	knots	106
Perpendicular Component	5.43	3.27	knots	106
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	5.31	1.43	degrees	106
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-0.38	2.89	degrees	106
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-3.38	4.71	degrees	106
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.58	0.47	degrees	106
Distance From Touchdown to Runway Threshold	1192	306	feet	106
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	3.37	5.62	feet	106
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	140857	9096	pounds	71

AIRCRAFT MODEL BOEING 737-100/200

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.02	1.58	ft/sec	120
Starboard Wheel	2.23	1.71	ft/sec	120
Average of Main Wheels	2.2	1.54	ft/sec	120
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	137.3	10.34	knots	120
Approach Speed	139.5	10.12	knots	120
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.23	2.54	knots	120
Perpendicular Component	6.18	3.54	knots	120
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	5.36	1.8	degrees	120
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-0.77	2.82	degrees	120
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-2.28	4.28	degrees	120
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.55	0.38	degrees	120
Distance From Touchdown to Runway Threshold	1104	198	feet	120
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	3.79	4.02	feet	120
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	101696	8657	pounds	97

AIRCRAFT MODEL BOEING 737-300/400/500

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.65	1.75	ft/sec	8
Starboard Wheel	2.91	1.57	ft/sec	8
Average of Main Wheels	2.82	1.59	ft/sec	8
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	141	12.2	knots	8
Approach Speed	142.9	12.4	knots	8
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	1.99	2.96	knots	8
Perpendicular Component	4.25	3.65	knots	8
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	5.91	1.55	degrees	8
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-1.71	2.32	degrees	8
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-4.44	4.71	degrees	8
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.71	0.45	degrees	8
Distance From Touchdown to Runway	1273	459	feet	8
Threshold				
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	0.25	7.01	feet	8
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	107556	6808	pounds	5

AIRCRAFT MODEL BOEING 757

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.34	1.94	ft/sec	60
Starboard Wheel	2.74	1.99	ft/sec	60
Average of Main Wheels	2.56	1.82	ft/sec	60
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	129.3	8.16	knots	60
Approach Speed	131.5	7.48	knots	60
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.21	2.13	knots	60
Perpendicular Component	5.45	3.16	knots	60
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	6.2	1.12	degrees	60
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-0.8	2.52	degrees	60
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-3.03	4.71	degrees	60
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.67	0.47	degrees	60
Distance From Touchdown to Runway	1144	296	feet	60
Threshold				
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	3.73	6.66	feet	60
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	175306	7614	pounds	53

AIRCRAFT MODEL CANADAIR REGIONAL JET

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	3.24	2.12	ft/sec	7
Starboard Wheel	3.6	2.1	ft/sec	7
Average of Main Wheels	3.62	2.16	ft/sec	7
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	128	15.71	knots	7
Approach Speed	129.8	15.43	knots	7
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	1.87	2.08	knots	7
Perpendicular Component	6	1.41	knots	7
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	3.21	2.27	degrees	7
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-1.17	2.37	degrees	7
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-3.29	5.77	degrees	7
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.95	0.49	degrees	7
Distance From Touchdown to Runway Threshold	987	231	feet	7
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	2.14	3.27	feet	7
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight			pounds	

AIRCRAFT MODEL McDONNELL DOUGLAS DC-9

	Mean	Standard	Measurement	Number of
Parameter	Value	Deviation	Units	Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.45	1.74	ft/sec	70
Starboard Wheel	2.36	1.53	ft/sec	70
Average of Main Wheels	2.43	1.5	ft/sec	70
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	132.5	9.89	knots	70
Approach Speed	134.8	9.42	knots	70
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.35	2.27	knots	70
Perpendicular Component	6.47	3.31	knots	70
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	4.88	1.19	degrees	70
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-1.19	2.27	degrees	70
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-2.25	4.91	degrees	70
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.62	0.37	degrees	70
Distance From Touchdown to Runway	1111	194	feet	70
Threshold				
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	4.33	4.42	feet	70
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	90197	13713	pounds	59

AIRCRAFT MODEL FOKKER F-28

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.59	0.89	ft/sec	3
Starboard Wheel	1.89	1.33	ft/sec	3
Average of Main Wheels	2.54	1.12	ft/sec	3
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	121	3.02	knots	3
Approach Speed	123	3.91	knots	3
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	1.96	1.46	knots	3
Perpendicular Component	7.5	1	knots	3
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	5	1.98	degrees	3
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-0.9	3.43	degrees	3
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-0.93	8.79	degrees	3
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.71	0.32	degrees	3
Distance From Touchdown to Runway	986	204	feet	3
Threshold				
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	2	1.63	feet	3
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	59763	1167	pounds	2

AIRCRAFT MODEL FOKKER F-100

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.19	1.62	ft/sec	14
Starboard Wheel	2.42	1.59	ft/sec	14
Average of Main Wheels	2.31	1.55	ft/sec	14
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	123.2	15.09	knots	14
Approach Speed	125.5	15.1	knots	14
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.36	1.97	knots	14
Perpendicular Component	5.64	3.79	knots	14
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	4.11	8.0	degrees	14
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-2.01	2.3	degrees	14
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-2.09	5.12	degrees	14
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.67	0.49	degrees	14
Distance From Touchdown to Runway Threshold	1060	242	feet	14
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	4.43	5.33	feet	14
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	79496	4636	pounds	14

AIRCRAFT MODEL McDONNELL DOUGLAS MD-80

Parameter	Mean Value	Standard Deviation	Measurement Units	Number of Landings
Sinking Speed: Port Wheel	2.55	1.7	ft/sec	118
Starboard Wheel	2.58	1.62	ft/sec	118
Average of Main Wheels	2.57	1.57	ft/sec	118
Closure Speed (Measured to Camera)	137.2	10.33	knots	118
Approach Speed	139.4	10.14	knots	118
Wind Speed: Parallel Component	2.2	2.47	knots	118
Perpendicular Component	5.81	3.04	knots	118
Pitch Angle at Touchdown	5.3	1.4	degrees	118
Roll Angle at Touchdown	-1.08	2.36	degrees	118
Yaw Angle at Touchdown	-3.78	5.22	degrees	118
Calculated Glide Slope Angle	0.64	0.38	degrees	118
Distance From Touchdown to Runway Threshold	1147	231	feet	118
Off Center Distance at Touchdown	2.86	4.39	feet	118
Aircraft Reported Landing Weight	114094	10824	pounds	97

APPENDIX B—LISTING OF INDIVIDUAL AIRCRAFT LANDING PARAMETERS BY MODEL, FAA SURVEY AT WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

Wind Perp. (knots) Wind Par. (knots) Yaw Angle TD (degree) -11.3 -13.5 -12.7 -1.0 -1.2 -9.2 (degree) Roll Angle TD -3.2 (degree) Pitch Angle TD 6.5 6.7 <u>∞</u> 5.1 Glide Slope Angle TD Runway Off Center \mathfrak{F} Ramp to TD Distance \mathfrak{F} Weight (sqį) 4 Sinking Speed at Stbd. (fps) Port Closure Speed (knots) Approach Airspeed (knots) Power 134 524 541 605 630 661 687 735 209 277 295

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 727-200 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

		Wind	Perp.	9	, α	o 0:	o ro	∞	9	œ	7	2	7	9	ω	7	2	9	2	9	9	7	œ	တ	10	7	ω	7	9	∞	9	∞	œ	10	တ	œ	10	5 5
		Wind	Par. (knots)	α) m	0 0	10	၊က	-	က	4	4	0	<u>,</u>	က	0	0	7	က	က	7	2	9	က	7	_	က	7	4	_	က	9	2	2	9	4	က	<u> </u>
ŀ	Yaw	Angle	TD (deciree)	- F 3) [. c	5.0	5.5	1.6	-9.4	3.0	-3.9	6.9-	-3.2	4.7-	-6.4	-8.5	2.0	-10.4	-3.8	-0.5	6.4	2.0	7.	6.4	-3.7	-6.7	-2.2	0.3	9.0	1. 2.	0.5	-3.9	-6.1	-10.2	-13.3	0.8	4. <u>-</u> 6.
ŀ	Roll	Angle	TD (deciree)	1 2	. 6. 1 6.		-2.5	0.3	9.9	-4.6	9.0	-0.1	1.5	-3.6	2.7	-0.2	0.7	4.	1.5	-2.1	2.5	8.0	2.0	0.0	-1.8 8.1-	0.2	0.4	6.0	0.3	-0.7	-0.4	-2.9	4.4	-3.8	0.5	8.0	1.	2.0 6.1
	Pitch	Angle	TD (degree)	5.4	0. 4	4	9.2	5.8	4.2	7.4	1 .8	4.5	8.2	5.9	5.1	6.1	3.9	3.8	4.5	3.2	8.4	8.4	3.9	8.9	8.2	6.4	7.2	6.3	5.4	5.1	5.8	3.1	3.2	6.4	3.9	7.2	2.0	5.2 2.3
Child	Slope	Angle	TD (degree)	0.1	. . .	2.0	00	0.3	1.0	<u></u>	9.0	0.2	0.2	4.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	8.0	4.0	4.0	0.3	0.5	9.0	4.0	2.1	0.1	1.2	0.3	0.1	9.0	0.4	1.3	1.6	9.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.8 0.5
ľ	Runway	Off	Center (#)	6.1 ▼	· ") (C	ာ ဖ	· -	7	φ	-18	9	_∞	2	2	_	7	7	0	-7	0	~	7	თ	18	က	4	က	2	က	က	<u>_</u>	7	7	က	φ	15	9 7
	Ramp to	Q.	Distance (#)	1286	845	1149	1400	1213	693	1017	1968	1214	1246	1351	1300	1258	1429	951	1437	2377	1117	1355	2251	1222	1039	1351	296	1215	1114	1184	1206	825	885	954	1034	1474	1091	1115
			Weight	13/15/3	133555	138109)	135500		142173	140368		129204		142130		144122			145113		136000	145761	151601	132000		142000	150872		147165		151610	145835	145835		132363		147400
Ī	1 at		Avg.	(M)	. 4 υ κ	0 0	0.0	0.9	3.6	4.7	2.3	0.7	1.0	1.7	ر ن	ر ن	0.2	3.3	1.5	<u>4</u> .	1.2	2.3	2.4	1.7	9.7	4.0	5.3	7.	4.0	2.4	1.5	5.1	6.4	2.2	0.2		0.5	2.8 1.9
	Sinking Speed	Touchdown	Stbd.	(103)	. 4 . 6.		0.0	4.	3.6	3.5	2.1	9.0	9.0	2.3	2.4	<u>+</u>	0.2	2.5	2.8	<u>4</u> .	0.1	4.0	2.2	9.0	8.9	0.4	5.4	1.7	0.3	. 8.	1.8	5.8	6.4	1.8	4.0	1.9	0.0	8.6 4.
	Sint	7	Port	(sd)	5 4	. 0	0 4	0.4	3.7	5.9	2.5	6.0	<u>რ</u>	1.2	0.0	1.2	0.2	4 .1	0.2	7:5	1.6	0.7	2.5	2.9	8.4	0.4	5.3	1.0	9.0	2.3	1.2	4 6.4	6.2	2.6	0.0	0.5	6.1	4.0 2.2
		Closure	Speed (knots)	136	130	134	134	115	127	140	123	132	140	147	148	153	155	147	131	138	128	152	133	143	125	147	146	137	136	142	133	130	132	134	146	136	127	124 134
	Power	Approach	Airspeed (knots)	144	132	136	136	118	128	143	127	136	140	146	151	153	155	148	133	141	130	156	139	146	126	149	149	143	140	143	136	136	137	139	153	140	129	130 139
			Lndg.	6	1 O	, <u>\$</u>	- 24	1 64	65	74	8	100	113	117	126	138	147	158	162	164	176	181	188	190	192	218	225	234	235	253	270	274	281	292	325	343	346	359 361

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			Glide					
Sinking Speed Touchdown	Ramp to Rui	Runway Off	Slope Anale	Pitch Anale	Roll	Yaw Angle	Wind	Wind
Port Stbd	nt Distance	je.	5	5	5	5	Par.	Perp.
	(ft)	(£) (c)	(degree)	(degree)	(degree)	(knots)	(knots)
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		တု ၊	0.1	7.2	1.0	-13.0	2	∞ ·
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`	1133	_	4.0	6.1	6.0	0.1	2	9
	554	က	1.2	8.2	-5.3	7.1	က	∞
		7	0.3	7.0	2.8	4.8-	4	4
	662	ග ්	0.1	4.3	2.8	5.0	4	2
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LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 727-200 AIRCRAFT (Continued) FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

		Wind	Perp.	knots)	2	œ	7	10	9	7	2	∞	9	4	2	2	4	2	2	4	2	7	က	9	œ	2	∞	9	2	4	4	4	4	က	က	က	7	ω 4
ŀ		Wind	Par.	(knots) (<u></u>	7	<u></u>	-5	7	~	7	ო	4	_	7	0	7	က	က	က	က	0	_	7	9	4	4	4	4	က	_	_	7	_	2	_	_	ç, ç,
ŀ	Yaw	Angle	5	(degree)	-6.1	-6.3	-8.6	-1.0	7.4-	-11.8	3.0	-8.3	-3.5	-1.6	-7.9	-12.4	-0.8	-7.5	9.0	-4.6	-6.1	6.4	-10.3	-5.8	-5.6	4.1	-6.5	6.9	-12.3	7.4-	9.4-	4.4	-2.9	-0.5	-1.5	-1.7	0.5	-0.5 -2.3
ŀ	Roll	Angle		(e)	2.3	3.7	-4.2	-2.7	-3.7	1.2	3.7	3.0	6.1	4.	0.5	-1.0	7.5	-2.6	3.3	0.0	-0.7	2.4	3.4	2.9	2.0	-1.5	9.0	-3.1	0.4-	9.0	4.0-	0.1	2.9	4.	1.2	-0.1	1.5	4.0 6.1.0
ŀ	Pitch	Angle	_	(degree) (6.3	7.1	0. 0.	6.3	3.5	5.5	4.3 E.4	6.4	5.9	4.5	5.4	6.4	5.6	5.3	3.1	5.8	2.9	4.7	5.5	3.7	5.9	4.4	0.4	5.5	4.2	3.6	5.9	7.2	4.3	5.0	2.8	0.9	3.3	3.5 3.9
Clido	Slope	Angle	5	(degree)	0.2	0.7	8.0	9.0	6.0	0.1	4.0	0.5	8.0	0.3	0.5	0.1	<u></u>	4.0	9.0	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.7	0.1	0.0	4.0	4.	0.5	0.4	0.3	6.0	0.2	<u>4</u> 4
ľ	Runway	O#	Center	(ft)	2	0	2	0	က	9	10	2	တ	7	7	-16	7	7	∞	2	7	o	0	7	က	7	7	ო	~	_	က	7	က	₋ 3	-2	თ	7	, မှ
	Ramp to	Ð	Distance	(ft)	1296	1321	1005	988	932	1399	1107	1354	1241	1204	1381	1534	1069	1369	1130	1320	1318	1307	1385	1302	1319	1228	1366	902	1024	1373	1313	965	1182	1212	1184	1093	1058	816 824
			Weight	(sqı)	146716	146763		145954		146736	137000	144909	145522			136364	134541	148400		182567		135181	136447		145125	136397	135800	136000	133700			135000	133962		146657	145793	128810	146967
ľ	Jat	_	Avg.	(fps)	0.7	3.1	3.6	2.5	4.0	4.0	4 .	1.9	3.1	1.2	2.1	9.0	4 .1	7. 8.	2.5	2.0	0.2	6.0	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.0	9.0	6.7	4 .1	0.1	1.5	4.3	1.9	1.5	1.2	3.5	9.0	6.8 5.8
	Sinking Speed	Touchdown	Stbd.	(fps)	0.3	3.6	3.3	2.2	4.1	9.0	1.8 8.	1.7	3.3	1 .	2.3	0.5	4 4.	0.1	3.2	2.8	0.2	7.	0.3	1.0	1.2	0.3	8.0	7.7	4 4.	0.1	4.	6.4	2.3	1.2	6 .	3.4	1.2	6.9 5.6
	Sin	7	Port	(fps)	0.3	0. 0.	3.9	3.1	4.2	0.1	1.2	2.8	3.2	6.0	1.5	0.7	3.7	1.7	6.0	1.2	0.2	0.1	0.7	4.0	0.1	<u>4</u> .	0.3	3.7	3.8	0.1	1.6	3.6	0.8	1.1	9.0	3.7	0.5	5.8 6.0
		Closure	Speed	(knots)	150	144	152	133	145	130	123	138	131	133	148	155	127	148	134	133	145	146	143	147	150	141	150	137	146	146	135	105	132	143	129	134	127	156 142
	Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	150	143	150	131	147	131	126	141	135	134	150	155	126	150	137	135	148	146	144	149	156	145	154	141	150	149	136	106	133	143	131	134	128	154 139
		<u>`</u>	<u>.</u>	No.	740	748	755	992	788	801	816	818	826	834	820	863	871	874	878	884	899	904	910	923	926	952	296	926	982	985	1005	1023	1026	1032	1036	1041	1053	1055 1068

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 737-100/200 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

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		Wind	Perp.	(choun)) (ه و	တ	œ	7	7	9	7	10	7	∞	တ	∞	80	6	2	∞	7	ω	2	ω	10	6	9	9	6	13	12	7	7	7	6	12	∞	2 P
		Wind	Par. (knots)	(croun)	1 1	~ 1	2	2	9	7	4	7	<u>-</u>	4	_	4	2	2	7	_	7	က	က	4	_	7	7	4	ო	က	0	0	2	7	2	7	က	7	N L
	Yaw	Angle	TD (degree)	(acgree)	4.0	ъ. С	-11.4	4.7	-3.6	-4.5	0.4	-6.8	-2.4	-2.1	-5.0	-3.1	-6.3	4.8	-8.3	-1.0	-0.3	4.9	9.8	8.4	-2.3	6.0-	-3.0	-7.3	-7.4	-0.1	4.4	5.9	-2.2	-7.2	1.3	4.1	2.6	0.7	0.5 8.4
	Roll	Angle	TD (degree)	(acgree)	- - - - -	4.7	2.3	1.7	6.0-	3.1	-2.8	-0.2	3.2	-3.2	- 1 .3	8.0	2.2	9.0	4.1	1.2	1.5	0.0	-4.5	-2.0	-1.0	-1.9	0.3	-5.9	1.2	4.0	-3.1	2.5	2.0	6.1	1.3	3.7	4.5	-1.0	-3.5 -1.7
	Pitch	Angle	TD (degree)	(aargan)	9.0	D. 0	6.2	9.1	5.6	7.4	4.3			3.2			7.2	4.8	5.7	5.6	5.7	7.3	6.2	6.1	8.9	7.1	6.9	5.5	5.2	6.5	5.9	5.4	5.8	5.5	4 4.	2.5	5.5	5.6	8.5 6.3
01:00	Slope	Angle	TD (degree)	(aciden)	† (2.0	0.3	0.7	0.2	9.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.7	1.0	-0.1	0.3	0.4	0.1	9.0	0.7	0.1	8.0	0.5	0.0	1.3	4.0	0.7	0.1	6.0	1.2	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.0	1.0	4.0	1.7 7.7
	Runway	Off	Center (#)	(۱۰۷	o (, i	-5	9	7	က	က	_	2	2	_	7	4	15	4	2	4	0	က	6	13	7	4	~	က	7	7	10	0	9	ω	7	က	9	ω 4
	Ramp to	5	Distance (#)	4070	777	1221	1477	1008	1298	1262	1202	1384	1248	855	808	1226	1302	1310	1433	1110	1213	1286	540	1040	1265	832	1205	986	1358	775	853	1061	1219	1411	1179	1340	687	1178	697 881
			Weight	(2007)	7,990	103610	102115	96282		110790	109183		88410	110412	94358	95835	97981			86601	114500	114085	89401	106043		98993		112238	98910	105084	112544	100861		98105	103520		98537	113703	105155 91340
	l at		Avg.	(rps)	- c	9.0	ر ن	2.7	0.8	2.8	4.0	0.4	0.3	3.1	4.2	0.3	1.	1 .8	0.3	2.4	2.8	9.0	3.1	1.9	0.1	4.3	1.6	3.2	0.5	3.4	8.4	1.9	2.0	1.2	1.0	0.2	4.4	1.5	7.0 5.2
	Sinking Speed	Touchdown	Stbd.	(1ps)	- 4 5 0	7. 0	1.2	3.4	4.0	3.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	2.8	4.0	0.5	4.	2.3	0.1	4.8	3.4	0.0	4.0	1.5	0.2	3.7	1.7	3.0	0.7	2.8	4.7	2.5	4.	1.2	1.5	0.3	4.3	1.9	7.7
	Sin	7	Port	(1ps)	- c	 O ,	4.	1.5	1.0	1.7	9.0	9.0	0.3	3.5	4 8.	0.1	0.7	1.2	9.0	3.0	2.1	7.	2.2	2.3	0.1	8.4	2.2	3.4	0.3	4.1	3.9	د .	1.5	-	0.5	0.1	4.5	- -	6.2 6.4
		Closure	Speed	405	2 7	21.1	141	139	118	146	148	143	131	157	138	132	146	139	130	131	133	153	135	126	145	411	134	152	151	132	137	136	127	149	145	130	144	141	140 142
	Power	Approach	Airspeed	420	- 4 - 6 - 1	125	146	143	123	148	152	146	130	161	138	137	150	143	132	132	135	156	138	130	146	121	136	155	154	135	137	136	133	151	150	133	147	143	142 143
			Lndg. No	į	_ {	٦. د د	28	29	30	32	44	45	20	25	23	26	84	88	91	125	128	143	151	155	160	163	169	177	183	196	203	204	213	216	221	231	232	233	236 237
-	_		_		_	_																																	

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 737-100/200 AIRCRAFT (Continued) FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

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		Wind	Perp.	(knots)	15	တ	10	9	6	2	8	12	11	∞ (n ;	Ε,	တ ်	∞	တ	7	თ	7	9	2	9	9	9	7	က	9	4	9	4	9	2	0	0	0	← ⊂	>
		Wind	Par.	(knots)	3	<u>,</u>	9	က	က	4	7	ო -	_	4 (η,	4 (က	4	7	4	7	7	4	4	∞	2	7	9	2	9	က	4	9	9	9	_	4	7	<u>ო</u> ი	1
) }	Angle	Ō	(degree)	-3.9	4.8	9.0	-2.5	-0.9	-3.4	5.8	4.0	9.0-	-2.6	3.0 0.0	». ·	0.0	-0.3	-1.0	-0.1	-2.4	4.5	-3.4	1.6	6.0-	2.4	5.1	5.0	4.3	6.4	0.7	2.5	-7.6	6.4	1.7	-6.7	6.6-	-1.8	-7.6 -4.0	٥.۲
	7,00	Angle	ō.	(degree)	0.9	3.1	-3.0	-5.1	-3.9	-4.5	4.	-2.0	9.0-	-0. 1) O	-1./ -	1.5	2.7	0.2	2.9	-5.8	6.1	5.2	0.3	6.0	1.6	0.0	4.	-0.1	3.3	4:1-	0.1	-3.0	-2.5	-1.0	-0.8 -	8.O-	1.6	0.0	5.5
	40110	Angle	ō.	(degree)	2.7	7.1	8.6	7.1	3.6	5.0	1.5	4.2	5.1	2.9	D. C.	9. 1	5.1	6.4 6.	5.1	7.3	4.3	8.9	3.7	5.6	2.8	3.6	8.0	6.3	5.2	8.2	5.8	6.3	2.9	3.5	6.6	3.4	4.7	5.2	1.7 2.2	1.0
77.70	Gilde	Siope Angle	Ď.	(degree)	0.7	0.1	1.0	1.2	6.0	1.0	9.0	5.7	4.0	0.7	- I	1.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	4.0	0.2	0.7	0.8	9.0	-0.1	1 .	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.7	4.0	4.0	0.1	0.7	0.3	>
		Off	Center	(ft)	8	13	2	_	9	7	œ	7	_	4 (7 (o (ω	တ	4	12	0	o	7	6	œ	6	4	2	6	0	0	7	~	~	က	4	က	က	რ Ի	,
	4	rainp to	Distance	(ft)	1185	922	704	850	844	887	984	887	1201	880	114.	0 (1126	1199	1229	1029	961	1190	1268	1018	1108	1031	920	1074	1347	920	1253	1035	1375	1099	1105	286	1331	1196	1296	1 1 1 1
			Weight	(lbs)	100734	104753	97818	105100	94811	96230	91231	110077	114565	101355	123/00	89895	96062	103758	97120	94402	97360	121100	83116	111188	109523	93358	106270	108585	103125	112412	99737	108454	106600	93820	102816	113133	114180	110270	08742	11.00
				(fps)	2.7	0.5	4.1	4.5	3.4	4.0	2.5	5.4	9.	0. r	ი. ი. ი	6.5	0. 0.	0.3	9.0	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.7	1.0	2.2	3.2	2.2	0.2	4.3	0.8	1.5	[2.5	1.7	1.6	0.7	2.6	ر د 2 د	5.1
	200	Sinking Speed Touchdown	Stbd.	(fps)	3.7	0.5	4.6	4.0	3.5	4.1	3.4	4.2	9.	3.2		8.7	2.4	9.0	0.2	3.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	2.2	1.7	2.4	3.1	3.6	0.3	7.1	0.1	1.3	8.0	1.7	1.5	0.7	0.2	2.1	4. c	1.1
	3	L	Port	(fps)	1.0	0.5	3.6	5.0	3.2	3.8	1.7	6.1	9.	4. 6 6. 6	7.0	8. i	1.7	0.0	6.0	2.0	2.4	6 .	<u>.</u> .	<u>.</u> .	9.0	8.	3.2	6.0	0.2	2.8	4 .	1.9	4.	2.4	8.	2.5	1.2	1.8	0. c	1.1
		Closure	Speed	(knots)	136	136	140	130	132	129	133	140	122	132	132	127	131	131	135	138	138	125	136	140	135	105	135	127	134	137	122	147	153	116	129	138	156	132	142 243	>
	,	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	139	135	146	133	136	133	140	143	123	136	30	131	134	135	136	142	140	127	140	145	143	110	141	133	139	143	125	151	158	122	135	139	160	134	145 145	>
		•	Lndg.	No.	243	259	288	290	291	293	294	302	304	306	308	311	318	323	348	353	356	368	396	399	407	425	429	447	450	451	475	480	485	488	489	517	519	520	521 526	010
_	_				_			_	_		_		_		_	_		_			_		_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 737-100/200 AIRCRAFT (Continued) FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

	Wind	Perp. (knots)	-	_	<u></u>	-5	က	_	-5	_	_	← (ာ (· O	7	က	<u></u>	_	ကု	7	7	7	တ	တ	7	2	2	9	က	9	7	9	2	9	4	9	2
	_	Par. (knots)	2	<u></u>	ဇှ	-2	0	-5	_	_	-5	0 0	ν,	<u></u>	<u></u>	ဇှ	-5	4	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	7	7	4	0	4	က	_	_	0	
Yaw	Angle		2.0	-1.0	-0.3	-13.0	-2.1	-6.2	8.0	6.9	-2.6	-2.7	0.0	7.0	6.6-	-3.5	-0.3	-2.9	0.5	-8.5	2.1	-4.6	-5.2	-6.3	-3.7	-5.2	8.9-	-6.1	2.1	-3.5	1.2	-8.4	8.4	-12.9	-8.3	-3.7	-2.4 -1.2
Roll	Angle	_	-2.5	-5.1	4.1-	0.1	4.1	-3.7	-0.5	6.3	0.1	-2.5	4.7-	-0. 4.	4.	-2.5	-1.9	-1.6	-2.3	-5.7	2.7	4.2	4.4-	-1.7	2.1	1.5	4.0	2.9	4.3 E.3	2.7	2.2	-5.1	-0.1	-3.9	-1.6	-2.3	-5.1 -2.4
Pitch	Angle	TD (degree)	4.7	8.7	7.4	5.3	3.7	3.2	4.5	8.4	4.5	4.0	0.0	y.	0.9	6.1	3.0	3.4	6.2	4.0	2.5	2.0	4.4	6.4	5.8	3.1	4.2	9.4	9.7	3.4	2.7	7.9	4.3	7.2	7.2	7.0	0.4 0.5
Glide Slope	Angle	TD (degree)	0.5	1.5	0.2	0.3	4.0	8.0	0.2	0.9	0.7	9.0	0.0	C. 7	0.2	0.0	9.0	9.0	0.5	<u></u>	4.0	0.2	1.2	4.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	4.0	6.0	0.3	4.0	9.0	0.7	0.7	1.2	4.0	0.8 1.1
Runway	Off	Center (ft)	-2	က	7	ဇှ	_	-2	œ	7	2	0	ກ່	χo ·	∞	∞	9	က	о	ကု	4	0	7	_	4	_	7	2	10	ω	က	0	4	0	7	7	– ო
Ramp to	ō.	Distance (ft)	1077	797	1233	1470	1302	1020	1107	626	1122	1273	1033	1169	1351	1309	1124	1250	983	1006	1146	1270	993	910	1328	1272	1427	1197	931	1245	1134	958	066	1057	916	1084	875 785
		Weight (lbs)	95954	108770	94213	102140	101597	102225							107618			104287		93442		96363	95747	111420		103627	94832	111400	113353	97260		84840	94109	99210	102957	86065	109935
dat	n	Avg. (fps)	1.8	5.7	0.7	1.2	1.7	3.5	0.7	4.0	2.5	2.4	ა 	٠. د ت	. .	0.4	2.4	2.7	2.1	4.5	1.7	0.8	5.3	2.0	0.4	9.0	0.4	1.5	3.7	<u>_</u> .	4.1	2.5	3.3	3.1	5.3	1.3	3.2 2.2
Sinking Speed at	Touchdowr	Stbd. (fps)	0.0	5.1	0.2	1.1	1.0	4.6	1.6	3.4	2.4	7.7	ე - ს	0.5	4.	0.4	1.6	2.0	2.8	4.7	1.2	0.7	5.3	1.2	0.5	6.0	0.2	3.2	5.3	1.	2.2	2.8	3.4	3.3	5.0	2.5	2.6 4.5
Sin	7	Port (fps)	1.8	6.3	6.0	4.1	2.4	2.5	0.3	4.5	2.6	2.6	5. Z	٥.٦	6.0	0.5	2.6	3.0	1.9	5.0	0.0	6.0	5.2	3.0	0.2	4.0	0.5	0.3	1.9	0.3	0.8	2.2	1.3	2.8	5.2	6.0	3.7 4.0
	Closure	Speed (knots)	133	125	121	147	133	147	137	151	129	143	27,	134	152	158	134	151	134	138	139	124	154	154	146	146	139	144	140	150	138	136	166	153	145	121	144 130
Power	Approach	Airspeed (knots)	138	124	118	144	133	145	138	151	127	143	5 6	132	152	155	129	147	131	137	139	124	154	154	146	147	139	146	142	154	138	140	168	154	146	121	145 131
		Lndg. No.	527	545	571	929	299	603	625	641	646	647	000	/ 99	673	681	695	705	708	724	725	742	746	747	759	199	802	803	815	820	821	827	829	903	902	606	913 924

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 737-100/200 AIRCRAFT (Continued)
FAA SIIRVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

					-	r											_
			Wind	Perp.	(knots)	2	ω	7	2	9	9	2	4	က	4	က	9
			Wind	Par.	(knots)	0	2	4	4	4	4	7	0	7	-2	7	-
		Yaw	Angle	D	(degree)	1.0	-9.3	-5.9	-0.5	-1.7	9.0-	-0.4 4.0-	4.3	-6.1	-10.7	-2.2	-11.6
		Roll	Angle	0 7	(degree)	-3.8	-4.2	-0.2	-0.8	0.0	1.0	-4.7	0.3	-3.3	-5.5	0.0	-1.1
		Pitch	Angle	σz	(degree)	2.5	6.5	6.1	9.9	9.3	6.1	3.5	3.5	4.4	5.5	3.9	2.4
AIRPORI	<i>Glide</i>	Slope	Angle	D.	(degree)	8.0	0.7	0.3	9.0	6.0	0.5	1.1	0.2	9.0	0.4	0.1	0.5
MALIONAL		Runway	Эŧ	Center	(ft)	9	7	9	9	_	_	4	0	_	_	_	0
FAA SUKVEY WASHING I ON NATIONAL		Ramp to	DT.	Distance	(£t)	869	296	1245	1181	1164	1271	801	1372	920	1058	1280	1465
VEY WASI				Weight	(sqI)	92405	94280	115224	103700	90860	106175	102699	95336	89968	101884	108961	
FAA SUR		eed at	u	Ava.	(fps)	3.4	3.2	1.2	2.5	3.0	2.0	4.6	0.7	2.7	1.6	4.0	2.0
		Sinking Spee	Touchdown	Stbd.	(fps)	3.7	3.4	6.0	1.7	3.1	. .	4.5	0.3	3.0	2.7	0.5	1.5
		Sin		Port	(fps)	2.7	2.3	1.6	2.5	2.8	2.9	4.6	4.0	2.4	9.0	4.0	2.4
			Closure	Speed	(knots)	138	147	142	138	114	143	141	121	147	146	141	141
		Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	138	151	146	142	118	147	140	121	149	145	141	140
				Lndg.	No.	934	942	896	920	974	686	1007	1016	1028	1063	1066	1069

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 737-300/400/500 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

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			Wind	Perp.	(knots)	9	0	7	∞	∞	9	က	2
			Wind	Par.	(knots)	8	_	-5	က	2	က	7	0
		Yaw	Angle	D.	(degree)	1.9	-9.0	-1.2	-11.5	-7.1	6.9-	-3.8	2.1
		Roll	Angle	D.	(degree)	8.0	4.1	-0.8	-3.4	-3.6	9.0	-3.8	-4.9
		Pitch	Angle	σz	(degree)	4.9	3.6	4.6	5.8	8.9	5.8	6.4	7.3
	Glide	Slope	Angle	σı	(degree)	9.0	0.3	9.0	0.7	6.0	0.2	0.7	1.7
		_			(ft)		œ	-10	က	8	0	က	2
		Ramp to	ΔŢ	Distance	(ft)	1896	1435	1998	1047	829	1359	954	632
				Weight	(sqI)		98726		114988	111150	112908	100009	
		eed at	-	Avg.	(fps)	2.2	1.2	2.2	က	3.7	6.0	3.2	6.3
		Sinking Spee	onchdow	Stbd.	(fps)	1.9	6.0	2.1	4.1	3.7	1.2	3.3	5.9
		Sin		Port	(fps)	2.5	4.1	2.4	1.8	က	0.2	3.3	6.6
			Closure		(knots)	129	149	132	150	136	160	151	122
		Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	137	149	130	153	140	162	151	122
				Lndg.	No.	405	539	969	763	925	992	1020	1057

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 757 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

			_																																	
	Wind	Perp. (knots)	5	တ	10	2	4	9	2	7		10	-	∞		∞	7	o o	∞	∞	∞	10	∞	10	9	9	2	7	2	က	က	0	0	7	_	- 0
	Wind	Par. (knots)	,	က	-	က	7	7	4	~	4	7	τ-	က	4	-	_	2	2	4	2	2	က	4	9	2	2	က	4	2	4	က	7	-	-5	, ←
Yaw	Angle	TD (degree)	2.5	4.3	5.5	3.8	-13.4	-3.3	0.8	-2.8	-6.1	2.1	-1.1	6.0-	-2.1	4.2	-6.9	-7.8	-7.9	-5.4	-8.5	-7.9	-12.2	-5.3	-8.6	3.7	-2.0	3.4	7.4	-8.5	-3.1	-0.3	0.2	2.1	-5.4	8.5 6.3
Roll	Angle	TD (degree)	1.5	9.0	0.2	0.5	4.4	4.	1.9	6.0-	4.6	-4.7	3.4	1 .	4°. 8.	-5.5	-4.5	-5.0	4.2	-3.7	-1.5	-2.9	4 .1	8.0	2.1	4.	4.0-	2.0	-1.0	0.7	4.	4·8	0.3	-0.3	-0.5	0.0 4.0.
Pitch	Angle	TD (degree)	6.9	7.0	6.3	4.2	7.1	7.8	4.6	6.7	7.2	6.7	7.4	6.2	5.9	6.1	5.9	7.2	6.7	7.1	7.1	5.8	7.4	7.3	4.7	8.2	2.7	7.6	7.7	5.6	5.7	6.5	5.0	7.3	6.9	5.7 5.3
Glide Slope	Angle	TD (degree)	0.8	4.0	8.0	9.0	9.1	0.1	4.0	0.3	9.0	2.1		6.0	4.0	1.7	6.0	1.2	0.7	1.2	9.0	6.0	8.0	0.3	0.1	0.7	9.0	0.5	1. 2.	-0.1	0.7	د .	4.0	0.5	0.3	0.5 0.4
Runway	Off	Center (ft)	\	1	2	6	4	7	2	2	7	7	16	-21	∞	10	က	7	7	9	,	4	7	7	-	9	-16	9	9	-5	-5	7	7	9	က	o s
Ramp to	5	Distance (ft)	1063	1377	863	666	1062	1276	1175	1232	945	587	1115	1996	1132	511	961	931	928	938	1402	965	1056	1268	1328	1034	2018	1039	887	1417	1206	692	1066	1075	1316	1344 1298
		Weight (Ibs)	174331	180065	177284	164000	178500	156000	175196	169668	174258	168000	181340	176200	180000	182959	175652	164624	175462	167518	171490	172740	185500	164204	187750	183893	176865	176893	160100	179000		157461	169653	175793	179540	188600 178032
J at	_	Avg. (fps)	2.8	1.7	3.2	2.3	6.4	0.3	4.	1.3		8.1	2.0		1.5		3.4	4.3 E.3	2.6	4.5	6.1	3.6	3.5	1.1	9.0	2.4	2.4	2.2	4.3	0.5	2.5	4 4.	1.5	4. 8.	1.2	2.1 1.5
Sinking Speed	Touchdown	Stbd. (fps)	3.4	2.0	3.1	1.1	6.2	4.0	1.5	0.7	2.2		2.7	3.0	6. 8.	7.6	3.2	4.2	2.2	4 L.	2.9	4 4	4 L.4	1.3	- -	3.4	2.6	3.7	4.6	0.7	2.7	5.2	2.0	1.6	<u>-</u> -	6. 6.
Sin		Port (fps)	2.2	4.1	3.2	3.4	9.9	1.4	8.0	1.9	1.3	7.7	6.0	3.7	9.0	6.2	3.6	4.6	3.1	8.4	1.3	2.7	3.0	8.0	0.1	1.6	2.2	9.0	4 L.	0.2	1.5	3.6	0.7	2.0	4.	2.5 1.4
;	Closure	Speed (knots)	123	134	127	123	135	121	128	126	122	133	129	120	123	137	134	119	128	128	116	135	141	123	139	121	131	127	119	129	119	112	119	120	132	143 133
Power	Approach	Airspeed (knots)	127	138	127	127	137	122	133	127	126	135	129	123	127	138	135	124	133	131	120	140	144	126	145	126	136	131	123	134	123	115	121	121	130	142 134
	,	Lndg. No.	18	38	61	20	9/	96	167	174	194	206	207	219	227	246	247	275	298	312	320	330	341	391	403	432	459	470	474	486	490	202	513	537	220	558 572

LANDING DATA MODEL BOEING 757 AIRCRAFT (Continued) FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

	Wind	Perp.	(knots)	0	0	7	7	7	_	7	7	7	∞	တ	2	2	2	4	9	7	က	က	9	7	7	9	က	3
	Wind	Par.	(knots)	Γ.	7	7	-5	7	4	0	7	_	7	0	7	က	_	_	ო	7	ო	2	4	7	7	2	0	2
Ye.	Angle	<u>ط</u> ز	(degree)	-13.2	2.6	9.0-	-3.4	-1.6	-3.7	-4.2	9.9-	0.3	0.0	-9.2	9.0	-3.6	2.2	2.1	0.7	-7.9	-3.3	-7.6	-5.7	-8.6	-5.6	0.0	-0.2	-2.5
log	Angle	<u>ط</u> ز	(degree)	0.7	0.0	-7.1	1.8	-0.1	-0.2	7.	4.0	-2.4	-1.5	-4.2	-1.0	0.7	-1.0	1.3	-0.2	1.2	9.0-	-5.1	8.0	2.1	1.0	1.8	<u>-</u> .	-5.8
Ditch	Angle	מַ	(degree)	6.1	4.0	7.7	6.4	4.8	5.0	5.4	6.5	5.2	6.7	5.4	6.4	7.0	6.4	5.2	5.3	5.6	6.7	6.9	5.5	6.5	5.5	8.5	6.7	5.6
Glide	siope Angle	מַ	(degree)	0.0	0.7	1.8	1.1	0.5	9.0	0.3	0.2	1.5	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7	1.1	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	4.0	0.5
Puman	_	O	(ft)	2	-5	-12	13	_	4	4	2	4	0	2	15	2	-5	9	2	4	4	0	ω	2	10	7	-5	3
Damn to	rainp to TD	Distance	(ft)	1401	2191	754	1155	1197	1236	1248	1334	908	774	893	1131	1278	1138	1044	1213	1229	1263	902	1346	1354	1256	1085	1100	798
		Weight	(lbs)	182490		185923	182726	178969	172291		174727	179626	179069	169445	176317		180100	176650		187000	163817		161888	183143	175800		180108	172560
74	ם מנ	Avg.	(fps)	0.2	2.7	6.9	4.1	1.8	2.3	1.2	9.0	6.3	6.1	3.5	1.7	1.0	2.6	4.2	4.0	2.6	- -	2.7	[1 .	0.3	0.4	1.7	2.0
Sinking Speed a	Touchdown	Stbd.	(tps)	0.2	2.0	7.6	4.5	2.1	2.5	1.3	0.3	2.0	7.7	4.2	1.9	6.0	3.2	2.0	0.3	3.2	9.0	2.8	- -	1.6	0.2	0.5	2.5	2.0
Sin	5	Port	(tps)	0.1	3.4	7.8	4.0	2.1	2.1	<u>.</u>	9.0	8.0	4.5	2.7	1.5	1.	2.2	2.3	4.0	8.0	6 .	2.6	1.2	1.2	0.2	0.2	1.0	2.0
	Closure	Speed	(knots)	141	137	132	132	125	136	152	140	139	133	145	125	122	123	129	122	133	120	126	131	140	141	127	137	128
Dower	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	140	139	134	130	124	132	152	139	140	131	145	127	124	124	130	125	135	122	131	134	142	143	132	137	130
		Lndg.	No.	222	627	650	654	658	672	629	727	736	756	787	831	842	853	998	877	930	926	957	696	066	991	666	1034	1056

LANDING DATA MODEL CANADAIR REGIONAL JET FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

		Wind	rerp. (knots)	9	6	2	2	9	2	9
		Wind	(knots)	0	2	4	က	7	_	-2
	Yaw	Angle	(degree)	-12.4	-0.7	0.5	-7.7	-0.7	5.8	-7.8
	Roll	Angle	(degree)	-3.3	-4.6	-0.3	0.2	2.3	0.8	-3.3
	Pitch	Angle	(degree)	2.0	0.9	4.4	4.6	-0.3	0.2	2.6
- 7111	Glide Slope	Angle	(degree)	1.8	0.8	1.1	0.3	9.0	9.0	4.1
יייייי		#5, 0		0	5	4	_	2	9	7
	Ramp to	<i>ar</i>	Distance (ft)	296	902	731	1440	1066	1094	903
		14/010/4	(lbs)							
	dat	7	Avg. (fps)	8.0	3.5	3.4	1.0	6. 6.	2.5	5.0
	Sinking Spee	OUCHGOW	stod. (fps)	8.1	3.3	4.0	<u> </u>	1.5	2.9	3.9
	Sin	1	ron (fps)	6.7	3.7	2.8	9.0	2.3	2.1	3.2
	;	Closure	speed (knots)	149	142	102	132	110	135	125
	Power	Approach	(knots)	149	147	105	135	112	137	123
		7	Lilag. No.	172	347	437	879	888	1030	1067

LANDING DATA MODEL DOUGLAS DC-9 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

			Wind	Perp.	(knots)	8	9	2	2	တ	7	∞	10	2	9	o	∞	7	7	12	7	7	7
			Wind	Par.	(knots)	7	7	4	က	က	4	က	7	က	7	က	7	2	0	7	7	က	0
		Yaw	Angle	D.	(degree)	2.5	0.7	5.0	-4.3	-0.2	-1.6	-7.0	2.7	4.1	8.0	3.6	2.3	0.5	-6.5	9.0-	1.2	-5.9	-0.1
		Roll	Angle	Ð	(degree)	-2.1	-6.1	-1.2	-0.4	0.3	1.6	2.1	3.7	-0.2	-2.2	-2.0	2.8	6.0	-0.5	-0.7	0.0	8.0	-3.6
		Pitch	Angle	Ð	(degree)	2.0	5.0	3.6	5.9	0.9	6.9	3.4	3.0	5.1	5.5	3.9	5.0	4 4.	4.7	6.9	9.1	4.5	4.4
AIRPORT	Glide	Slope	Angle	Ð.	(degree)	8.0	1.5	0.4	0.3	9.0	0.7	-0.1	0.5	0.7	<u>.</u> .	1.3	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.8
MATIONAL		R	Эff	Center	(ft)	20	7	4	7	7	ω	4	7	∞	4	7	10	2	7	12	0	4	8
IINGTON N		Ramp to	Q,	Distance	(ft)	1006	719	952	1328	1090	1100	1324	1115	1047	878	771	1097	1161	1409	1137	1249	1242	982
FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT				Weight	(sqı)	84910	74000	92570	00006	94380	81924	81281	97100	75885	90928	81390	112544	101300	87471	86100	74300	81281	
FAA SUR		eed at	n	Avg.	(fps)	3.0	5.5	1.5	7.	2.4	2.5	0.3	2.0	2.2	2.0	5.4	<u>6</u>	1.5	0.2	1.2	8.0	0.7	2.9
		Sinking Spee	Touchdown	Stbd.	(fps)	2.8	5.3	4.0	1.2	2.5	2.0	0.0	6.1	2.2	4 .1	4.7	3.0	6 .	0.3	4.0	6.0	0.5	2.0
		Sin		Port	(fps)	3.3	2.7	1.7	7.	2.4	3.0	0.5	2.6	2.3	5.9	8.9	<u></u>	1.2	0.1	2.0	0.7	6.0	4.4
			Closure	Speed	(knots)	132	122	127	145	139	119	129	123	1 4 4	147	140	133	116	137	120	127	136	132
		Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	134	124	131	148	143	123	132	122	117	149	143	135	120	137	122	129	139	132
				Lndg.	No.	51	99	69	80	83	92	102	115	142	149	197	202	212	215	226	240	245	254

LANDING DATA MODEL DOUGLAS DC-9 AIRCRAFT (Continued) FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

LANDING DATA MODEL DOUGLAS DC-9 AIRCRAFT (Continued) FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

	_			_															
	Wind	Perp.	(knots)	8	2	10	7	2	4	9	7	7	2	4	2	2	4	4	4
	Wind	Par.	(knots)	2	7	9	7	က	က	7	က	က	က	က	4	7	0	0	0
			<u> </u>		-8.2	-2.8	-11.4	6.9-	-12.0	-4.5	-2.1	5.2	3.5	4.0	1.7	4.4 4.4	-10.3	-8.1	3.3
Roll	Angle	Ð	(degree)	-0.2	1.7	-3.6	0.0	4.4	4.0	-2.7	6.9-	-2.3	0.0	6.0	-2.1	-3.1	-5.4	-5.6	-1 8.
Pitch	Angle	Ð	(degree)	5.2	6.5	6.7	5.2	0.9	3.9	4.8 8.4	4.5	1.6	4 9.4	5.6	4.0	4.2	5.4	3.3	4.5
Slope	Angle	D.	(degree)	0.3	0.8	8.0	0.4	1.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	9.0	1.1	0.3	6.0	0.5	1.1	4.1	0.7
Runway	0ŧŁ	Center	(ft)	4	7	က	4	0	မှ	4	0	о	7	9	2	4	က	∞	3
Ramp to	ΔŢ	Distance	(ft)	1371	1405	868	1478	953	1082	864	998	1107	1076	1267	1182	1257	975	863	1123
		Weight	(sqI)	81890	78804	94160	81700	92300		83220	90924	80022	107100	82495	83475	125965		91092	81065
dat	n	Avg.	(fps)	1.2	2.9	3.1	1.5	8.9	3.2	4.0	4.1	2.1	4.1	1.1	3.1	2.2	4.7	4 8.4	2.8
king Spee	Fouchdow	Stbd.	(fps)	1.5	3.1	2.1	2.2	6.5	2.7	6.4	3.1	4.1	4.2	6.0	2.9	7.	6.4	5.5	3.0
Sin	-	Port	(fps)	1.0	2.8	4.1	6.0	7.2	3.7	3.3	4.8 8.4	1.2	4.1	1.3	3.4	2.6	4.5	4.0	2.5
	Closure	Speed	(knots)	123	121	136	135	145	142	138	140	121	131	142	122	146	145	119	133
Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	125	123	142	137	148	145	137	143	125	134	145	126	147	145	119	133
		Lndg.	No.	805	825	855	856	897	206	806	931	937	943	947	965	977	1059	1060	1070
	Sinking Speed at Ramp to Runway Slope Pitch Roll	Sinking Speed at Ramp to Runway Slope Pitch Roll Yaw Closure Touchdown TD Off Angle Angle Angle Wind	PowerSinking Speed atRamp to ApproachRunwaySlopePitchRollYawApproachClosureTouchdownTDOffAngleAngleAngleMindAirspeedSpeedPortStbd.Avg.WeightDistanceCenterTDTDTDTDPar.	PowerSinking Speed at ApproachSinking Speed at ApproachRamp to ApproachRunway ClosureSlope Angle Angl	Power Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to Touchdown Runway Slope Angle	Power Approach Closure Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to Mind Approach Runway Clope Arigh Stole Arigh Arished Arished Arigh Arished (knots) Speed (knots) Arished (fps) Arished (fps)	Power Approach (knots) Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to Approach (loss) Runway (loss) Stock (knots) Angle (loss) Pitch (knots) Pitch (Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to Touchdown Runway Off Airspeed Stock Airspeed Arispeed Arispeed Arispeed Arispeed Arispeed Arispeed Speed Arispeed Speed Speed Arispeed A	Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to Touchdown Runway Touchdown Runway Touchdown Runway Touchdown Runway Touchdown Runway Touchdown Runway Touchdown Rungle Ample A	Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to Touchdown Runway Touchdown Runway Touchdown Stode Approach Fig. Touchdown Avise Approach Fig. Touchdown Avise Approach Arispeed Approach Post Approach Arispeed Approach Post Approach Arispeed Approach Post Approach Arispeed Approach Arispeed Approach Post Approach Arispeed Ap	Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to TD Runway Off Off Alighe Rulle Angle	Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown Ramp to TD Runway Off Off Alighe Runway Pitch Slope Angle	Power Approach Approach Approach Approach Approach Closure Sinking Speed at Touchdown TD Off Off Off Angle Angl	Power Approach Approach Approach Speed at Approach Speed Sp	Power Approach Approach Sinking Speed Approach Touchdown Touchdown	Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Sinking Speed at Touchdown TD Off	Power Approach Approach Closure Approach Closure Speed (fps) (fps	Power Approach Sinking Speed at Approach Ramp to Approach Runway Slope Slope Angle	Power Approach Approach Approach Approach Speed Sinking Speed at Approach Avg. (fbs) Ramp to Mind Angle A

LANDING DATA MODEL FOKKER F-28 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

ρ		ts)			
Win	Per	(knots)	8	7	9
Wind	Par.	(knots)	0	7	4
Yaw Angle	D.	(degree)	6.6-	11	-3.9
Roll Angle	5	(degree)	6.0	2.1	-5.7
Pitch Angle	Ð	(degree)	7.8	3.5	3.7
Glide Slope Angle	σz	(degree)	0.3	_	0.8
Runway Off			0	4	7
Ramp to TD	Distance	(ft)	1255	200	943
	Weight	(lbs)		60930	58595
d at n		(fps)	1.0	3.5	3.1
Sinking Speed a Touchdown	Stbd.	(fps)	9.0	3.7	4.
Sin T	Port	(fps)	1.4	3.4	3.1
Closure		(knots)		118	125
Power Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	120	120	128
	Lndg.	No.	339	439	936

LANDING DATA MODEL FOKKER F-100 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

		Wind	Perp.	(knots)	4	7	7	∞	7	7	0	7	_	∞	2	4	တ	2
		Wind	Par.	(knots)	9	4	7	7	က	က	4	_	0	_	က	0	2	က
	Yaw	Angle	5	(degree)	-0.2	-4.0	-0.5	3.5	-2.3	-2.4	-4.7	-3.5	-13.7	2.8	-3.4	-4.7	9.6	-5.7
	Roll	Angle	Ð.	(degree)	-4.6	-3.5	0.3	3.1	-3.2	-0.5	-1.3	0.0	-2.1	4.4	-0.8	-4.6	-5.3	-1.3
	Pitch	Angle	D.	(degree)	4.4	3.1	4.4	5.1	4.6	3.8	4.2	4.8	4.9	3.9	1.9	3.8	4.6	4.0
Glide	Slope	Angle	5	(degree)	1.2	9.0	0.7	0.5	1.3	0.1	4.0	9.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.7	1.7	-0.1
	Runway	ДO	Center	(ft)	1	4	4	13	9	0	10	12	ဝှ	2	က	4	80	4
	Ramp to	Q1	Distance	(ft)	724	854	1187	1088	843	1278	1095	1169	1512	292	1313	941	746	1330
			Weight	(Ips)		73920	77440		88525	75815	80131	86026		82920	75835	73835	81625	78381
	d at	n	Ava.	(fps)	5.2	2.4	2.3	1.8	3.8	0.5	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.1	0.3	2.9	4.4	0.4
	Sinking Spee	Touchdow	Stbd.	(fps)	6.5	2.8	3.1	2.4	3.4	0.4	7	1.5	2.8	3.2	0.2	2.9	3.8	0.5
	Sin		Port	(fps)	4.5	1.9	1.5	1.6	3.1	9.0	4.1	3.2	2.1	3.1	0.5	2.9	5.5	0.3
		Closure	Speed	(knots)	144	124	119	113	98	136	127	139	134	111	135	133	91	123
	Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	149	128	120	112	100	139	131	140	134	112	138	133	96	126
			Lndg.	No.	3	103	153	171	358	372	497	573	649	721	864	882	986	1046

LANDING DATA MODEL MD-80 AIRCRAFT FAA SURVEY WASHINGTON NATIONAL AIRPORT

ı						_										
			Wind	Perp.	(knots)	7	တ	9	တ	7	2	∞	∞	∞	4	9
			Wind	Par.	(knots)	4	7	4	7	0	4	9	7	က	~	4
		Yaw	Angle	OT.	(degree)	0.1	9.9-	0.5	2.1	-2.0	4.1	4.1-	11.8	4.0	-8.3	3.0
		Roll	Angle	σz	(degree)	2.5	1.2	1.0	1.5	-7.0	1.7	-2.2	1.5	4.0	-5.4	-0.3
		Pitch	Angle	σz	(degree)	5.3	8.4	3.7	3.9	7.9	4.1	5.6	5.1	4.1	4.1	5.7
AIRPORI	Glide	Slope	Angle	σz	(degree)	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.7	1.0	0.5
ALIONAL		Runway	Off	Center	(ft)	0	4	12	2	17	9	2	ڊ <u>-</u>	9	7	0
FAA SUKVET WASHING I ON NATIONAL AIRPORT		Ramp to	Q	Distance	(ft)	1212	1326	1036	1010	849	1077	1304	1939	1040	1011	1152
ET WASH				Weight	(lbs)	120340	112000	104769	111000		110300	120000	102000	101914	91940	109000
FAA SUR		eed at	1	Avg.	(fps)	1.6	2.5	2.3	3.2	3.2	1.9	1.8	3.9	2.5	4.3	1.9
		Sinking Spee	Touchdown	Stbd.	(fps)	2.0	2.8	2.4	3.3	3.2	2.1	2.3	3.8	3.0	5.7	1.9
		Sin	7	Port	(fps)	1.0	2.3	2.2	3.0	3.5	1.6	1.6	4.1	2.0	3.0	1.9
			Closure	Speed	(knots)	127	137	127	129	134	133	131	138	116	141	119
		Power	Approach	Airspeed	(knots)	131	136	130	132	134	137	137	140	119	141	123
				Lndg.	No.	23	43	22	64	29	28	82	95	104	106	120

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	74:11	DUM	rerp. (knots)	7	2	တ	9	6	9	œ	9	တ ၊	ഗ	o 5	5 5	5 5	2 σ	9 6	∞	တ	6	12	10	10	о	9	တ	∞ (۰	∞	∞	œ	7	9	9	1	7 10
	74.77	DUIN	rar. (knots)	4	0	_	_	7	4	4	4	4	4 c	o c	1 0	י מ	0 4	. 4	က	_	7	7	-5	0	-5	2	က	თ -	4	2	2	2	9	4	2	4	4 0
	Yaw	Angre	(degree)	-8.5	-1.5	-13.2	-5.2	-1.5	-2.7	9.0-	4.0	0.0	4.0	, , 5	- <i>-</i> †	5 6	<u>΄</u> τ	-6.2	-8.2	4.5	6.8	-1.2	3.0	6.0	-2.2	-1 .3	-0.3	را دن <u>د</u>	-4.	0.0	-2.1	-4.2	-2.6	0.2	-6.0	-9.5	10.2 -9.2
	Roll	Angle	(degree)	1.6	4.	0.7	0.8	6.0	4.1	1.3	6. j	1.7	0.7		? o	, 4 5 R		. . 6.	-3.6	1.6	-1.0	-4.6	1.3	-2.6	-0.1	-5.5	-5.0	-2.7	4. د	9.0-	8.O	-2.3	-0.3	-3.3	6.4	-1.6	0.1 -2.3
	Pitch	Angle	(degree)	5.2	5.0	8.1	5.4	4.3	8.4	8.9	5.6	5.7	 6. 4	դ գ մ շ	ე ი ე. <u>/</u>	t C	5 4 5 6	3.6	5.9	5.1	9.7	3.9	3.6	4.0	5.1	3.6	5.7	დ. ა	7.4	4.3	4 6.4	3.9	4 4.	4 4.	4.3	4.7	4 4 L
Glide	Slope	Angle	(degree)	0.2	0.5	0.1	9.0	4.0	9.0	0.7	9.0	9.0	0.0	· 6		- u		0.8	1.0	1.1	0.3	0.7	0.7	9.0	0.1	6.0	د .	0. 2	-	0.5	1.5	<u>.</u> .	0.3	1.2	1.0	1.2	0 & Si
	Runway	5 6	Center (ft)	2	9	_	_	10	ღ	7	10	<u>.</u> ص	<u>,</u>	- (ې <i>ج</i>	† 1	. 5	9 9	7	2	-5	80	ω	2	0	12	7	ω ι	Ω	τ-	4	2	4	7	9	-5	5 ئ
	Ramp to	91.5	Distance (ft)	1403	1213	1438	1235	1128	943	1168	1138	1085	972	44.0	1.99	2007	1114	779	972	833	1395	784	1035	1121	1288	740	788	839	830	1171	795	962	1237	754	957	944	1984 1335
		147-1-1-4	Weignt (Ibs)	108400	107244		109000	110000	108500	107965	109991	106000	123000	126280	124500	45000	121000	101640	115000	122000	124500		93675	101640		106143	111105	105337	128100	107883	112939	127700	110965	112000	107206	101631	128000 110673
	l at		Avg. (fps)	0.9	2.0	0.3	2.3	4.	2.6	5.6	2.1	2.3	တ္ဝ	, ,	- <i>-</i> ⁄i c	, 4	- - - -	2.9	4.2	4.5	1.5	3.2	2.8	2.3	9.0	3.9	4 8.	9.4	o. 9	1.7	5.5	4.3	7.	4.7	4.1	4.5	2.1 1.0
	Sinking Speed	louchdown	Stbd. (fps)	1.5	1.9	4.0	2.5	6 .	2.2	2.7	2.4	2.5	4 c	- 0	- ¢	ο α	- v	9:4	4.2	5.0	د .	3.4	3.1	4 .	4.0	4.0	7.4	4 <i>ა</i> ნ ი	7.7	1.7	5.3	4.4	9.0	4.5	4.7	4 4.	2.0 0.3
	Sint		Port (fps)	0.3	2.2	0.2	2.2	[-	3.0	2.4	. 6	2.5	3.5			; c		<u>.</u>	4.2	4.3	1.7	2.9	2.4	2.5	0.7	3.9	9.4 0.	3.4 4. r	. ა	1.7	5.6	4.2	1.6	6.4	3.6	4.5	2.2 :2 2
		Closure	Speed (knots)	137	150	146	130	138	149	130	129	138	133	1 t	7 6	2 2	120	124	147	139	149	149	131	133	133	146	122	148	28	122	123	136	128	131	138	132	150 141
	Power	Approach	Alrspeed (knots)	141	150	147	131	139	153	134	132	142	138	- - -	- 4 5 0	123	732	125	150	140	151	151	129	133	132	151	125	151	142	126	128	140	133	134	143	136	154 147
			Lnag. No.	123	140	144	148	150	156	168	178	179	182	103	107 707	200	205	222	230	239	241	244	250	251	260	284	286	287	305	310	322	328	331	334	335	369	374 379

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	Wind	Perp. (knots	10	7	9	7	7	∞	9	∞ -	4 4	7	2	2	2	0	0 0	→ C	. 0	_	ကု	0	- ·		- 0	7	_	က	2	7	က	က	က	
	Wind	Par. (knots)	9	9	4	4	2	2	∞	ဖ (m m	2	က	တ	2	_	ကျ	ر د	۱ ۲	0	7	7	7 0	γ.	10	1 7	_	7	ကု	7	4	7	7	c
	raw Angle	TD (degree)	-10.2	-3.1	-14.4	-5.5	-5.1	3.7	-8.9	-0.5	7.5 0.0	-3.0	-8.9	8.0	4.4	-10.5	ဗ ဗ	o c	-14.5	0.2	-7.1	4.4	-13.2	χ. Σ. ζ	t 6-	-13.3	-6.3	-2.2	-3.5	-7.1	2.4	-10.8	-11.1	7 2
	Roll Angle	TD (degree)	-4.0	1.6	-1.1	9.0-	0.5	-2.0	-0.5	د . د	-7 C	-3.3	9.0	-5.3	-2.6	-0.0	0.3	0. C	5.5	6.0	6.0-	-1.6	9. ç	ئ. آ	-7.2	6.0	-7.1	0.0	-0.8	4.	-0.2	4.1-	-0.2	
1010	Pitch Angle	TD (degree)	3.5	4.5	6.2	7.6	5.4	2.8	2.0	2.0	. o . c	4.7	4.8	5.3	6.1	2.2	7.5	4 4 Ն 4	5.8	4.8	7.9	4.2	5.7	4 n 4. o	9.0	5.1	4.5	6.3	8.7	5.9	7.7	4.2	5.4	0
Glide	Siope Angle	TD (degree)	1.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	9.0	-0.1	0.0 0.0	- C 7. 4	0.5	0.3	1.0	1.0	0.	0.1	o. c		0.4	0.7	<u>_</u> .	0.5	- c 4. 2	. .	0.2	1.2	0.5	6.0	0.1	1.2	0.1	0.2	0
Ċ	Kunway Off	Center (ft)	9-	တ	-7	က	φ	_	လု	0.0	ω ←	. 2	က	9	2	0	4 (л 4	. 4	7	0	<u>_</u>	4 -	4 u	0 0	ıφ	9	က	က	9	വ	0	4	L
4	Kamp to	Distance (ft)	996	1210	1484	1371	1334	1010	1353	1073	966	792	1392	634	1037	066	1316	1126	1062	1029	1291	1036	1479	105/	696	1460	902	1140	1195	1322	1033	1467	1454	- 0007
		Weight (lbs)	137190		120030	108700	126000	109729	120000	118031	120200	121310	123400	109292	126000	104862	140830	118771	110000	92400	118799	96200	135220	120000	103111	136920	112989	132780	127137	120779	122963		125280	
	r ar n	Avg.	4.3	د .	1.3	1.2	1.9	2.6	0.3	დ. დ. ი	0.6 0.6	2.3			3.4	4 4.	0.5	6.7 C. 4	. t	1.6	2.8	9.4	0. 7	c	o 6	0.7	5.8	2.1	3.5	0.7	4.	0.5	0.1	
3	sinking speed Touchdown	Stbd. (fps)	4.5	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.9	2.8	0.5		ა <u>-</u> ა 4	3.0	9:1	5.2	2.8	5.2	8. c	2.5 5.0	5.5	1.6	2.6	3.4	0.7	7.4	- & C C	0.2	4.4		2.9	0.5			9.0	
7:10	SIN: T	Port (fps)	4.2	4.	4.	1.4	1.8	2.4	0.0		9. C	1.5	1.0	2.5			0.2	0.7 0.0	1.2	1.5	2.9	6.9	7 .2	5.7 2.3	. o	1.2	7.1	2.0	4.0	8.0	4.0	0.4	ر .3	•
	Closure	Speed (knots)	144	136	141	127	133	135	142	127	13/	153	144	130	118	144 4	156	135	152	120	126	141	149	87.	163	151	157	140	130	160	123	154	133	
	Power Approach	Airspeed (knots)	150	142	145	131	139	140	150	133	139 156	158	147	139	123	145	159	33	151	120	128	139	150	120	165	152	158	142	127	159	119	153	133	
		Lndg. No.	388	409	418	420	424	431	445	454	456 466	468	476	477	464	211	534	544 544	553	563	574	581	595	604 643	620	622	633	662	664	999	699	229	8/9	ď

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3	Wind	Perp. (knots)	-	· ∞	တ	9	ဝ	£ (· o	ာ ဖ	2	2	2	2	7	4	4	2	∞ .	9	1 0	~ ^	- 4	. 9	2	2	7	2	4	9	2	7	2	~ ×
7 277	Wind	Par. (knots)	4-	0	7	7	-5	7,		ა 4	7	4	က	က	7	_	က	7	4	_	ကျ	ი -		. ო	က	2	4	4	က	7	ς.	7	-	4 ⁷
MeX	Angle	<i>TD</i> (degree)	-8.3	0.3	0.2	-5.1	-7.0	-6.0	ည် (ည ဂ	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-14.2	-13.3	-1.1	-7.0	-4.8	-8.9	-0.1	-11.8	-5.2	-3.5	8.0	7.7 40 6	- 10.0	4 8.	-5.9	-1.8	3.8	-10.7	0.4	-9.1	-0.6	-6.1	-10.0	-8.6 -7.6
Roll	Angle	TD (degree)	9.0-	1.5	-3.4	-6.3	1.6	7.3	, d 9. 6	0.7 6.0	4.1	2.0	-4.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	-0.4	0.4	0.4	-0.1	2.4	<u>-</u> 5. 4	- 6	-0.3	0.3	9.0-	-2.5	0.7	1.8	4.2	0.7	9.0-	-3.1 L	-0.7 -1.1
Pitch	Angle	TD (degree)								5.3 6.7			4.3	4.2	5.2	2.5	4.3	8.5	5.5	4 L.	4 r 0 c	о п Л с	n o	0.9	3.8	0.9	5.2	4 8.	4.0	8.5	4 6.			6.5 6.2
Glide Slope	Angle	TD (degree)	0.4	6.0	1.8	1.2	0.0	9.0). (0.0 0.0	1.0	0.4	8.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	9.0	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.5	- c	- C	0.1	0.3	4.0	0.7	0.1	0.7	1.5	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.1 0.3
Runway	JO.	Center (ft)	0	- ∞	4	∞	0	4 ()	9 8	ဌာ	-5	4	_	2	4	9	-5	ဖ	4	ω ι	ი c	o (1)	4	0	_	9	9	2	_	_	7	ကု	φκ
Ramp to	G E	Distance (ft)	1329	1151	808	998	1395	1248	1337	1414 1301	1065	1452	1229	1344	1263	1372	1168	1459	1277	1268	1002	138	825	1274	1324	1246	1041	1414	1160	266	1214	1276	977	1381 1413
		Weight (Ibs)	106000	120066	116153	110667	133320	1	115/16	115933	101992		111330		118426	108768	103617	101338	92430		101338	000711	112075) 		118947	98760		125308				114000	123390 107454
d at	_	Avg. (fps)	1.9	3.1	6.4	4 8.4	0.2	2.6		2.5 5.4	4.2	1.7	2.7	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.1	0.5	<u>-</u>	2.0	0.0		0.4	1.	1.6	2.5	0.3	2.5	9.9	0.1	0.7		0.6 1.1
Sinking Speed	Touchdown	Stbd. (fps)	2.0	2.8	2.0	3.9	0.1	ر ون ر	7.7	3.5	3.9	2.2	2.0			2.3	ر 9.	2.6	0.0	0.3	2.9	ე ი ა Ł	- c	9:0	1.5	1.2	1.8 8.	4.0	2.8		0.0	1.0	4.2	0.6 0.0
uiS		Port (fps)	1.9	2.9	7.8	4.3	0.2	3.5	2.5	4.2	4.6	1.2	3.2	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.5	1.5	0.9	1.9 6.	9.0	2. <i>2</i> 4. c	i, ω Ο π	0.1	1.1	2.0	2.8	0.1	1.5	6.5	0.2	0.4	4.2	0.4 4.2
6	Closure	Speed (knots)	149	122	124	139	150	151	127	130 133	144	134	123	148	136	146	119	131	138	129	133	04- 04- 04-	- 1 36	137	145	128	126	145	122	151	142	149	155	150 139
Power	Approach	Airspeed (knots)	145	122	123	138	149	149	130	133	146	138	126	151	139	147	122	133	142	130	136	- 4 4 6	137	139	149	133	130	149	124	150	141	148	157	154 138
	,	Lndg. No.	602	734	738	739	744	764	186	795 822	829	840	848	861	865	872	883	886	894	912	921	929	920	972	983	984	286	1004	1008	1012	1019	1037	1040	1043 1062

APPENDIX C—LANDING PARAMETER SURVEY DEFINITIONS

AIRCRAFT INSTANTANEOUS GLIDESLOPE ANGLE β_{V_V} —This angle is determined just prior to first main wheel touchdown and is reported in degrees. The value of average sink speed (V_{V_A}) and closure speed (V_C) are used to define the instantaneous glide slope. These values are entered into the equation

$$\beta_{v_v} = \arctan\left(\frac{V_{V_A}}{Vc}\right)$$

NOTE: A consistent set of units (ft/sec) must be used in this equation.

AIRCRAFT OFF-CENTER LINE DISTANCE *Y*—The aircraft off-center line distance is the perpendicular distance measured between the aircraft center line and the center line of the runway. This value is calculated from image data just prior to first main wheel touchdown. Positive values of this quantify indicate that the aircraft landed on the port side of the runway center line and is reported in feet.

AIRCRAFT PITCH ANGLE θ_P —The aircraft pitch angle is measured between the aircraft reference line and a line parallel to the runway. Positive values of pitch angle are reported for an aircraft with a nose up attitude. Pitch angle is determined from image data and is reported in degrees.

AIRCRAFT PITCH RATE $\dot{\theta}_p$ —The aircraft pitch rate is calculated from image data. It is reported just prior to the touchdown of the first main wheel. Positive values of this variable indicate that the aircraft nose is pitching down. This rate is determined with respect to the runway and is reported in degrees per second (deg/sec).

AIRCRAFT ROLL ANGLE θ_r —The aircraft roll angle measured between the aircraft reference line and a line parallel to the runway. Positive values of roll angle are reported for an aircraft whose starboard wing is down. Roll angle is determined from image data and is reported in degrees.

AIRCRAFT ROLL RATE $\dot{\theta}_r$ —The aircraft roll rate is calculated from image data. It is reported just prior to the touchdown of the first main wheel. Positive values of this variable indicate that the aircraft is rolling to port. This rate is determined with respect to the runway and is reported in degrees and is reported in degrees per second (deg/sec).

AIRCRAFT YAW ANGLE YAW_{td} —The yaw angle is the angle between the aircraft center line and the aircraft flight path at the point of first main wheel touchdown. Positive yaw angle is defined to be that orientation where a clockwise rotation of the flight path vector causes the vector to coincide with the aircraft center line using a minimum angular rotation. Yaw angle is determined from image data and is reported in degrees.

APPROACH SPEED $V_{P'AF}$ —The value of approach speed reported is the algebraic sum of closure speed and component of wind speed parallel to the runway center line. The value of approach speed is the aircraft forward velocity with respect to the air mass and is reported in knots.

CLOSURE SPEED V_C —The closure speed is the speed determined by the change in the aircraft's range from the camera. It is reported parallel to the runway center line. Closure speed is reported with respect to the ground and is reported in knots. Closure speed is calculated from image measurements.

DISTANCE FROM RUNWAY THRESHOLD TO FIRST MAIN WHEEL TOUCHDOWN X_W —The distance between the runway threshold and the point of first main wheel touchdown is determined from image data and is reported in feet.

LANDING WEIGHT W—The landing weight reported in the survey is an estimate provided by the aircraft operators. The value of this quantity is reported in pounds

SINK SPEED V_V —The sink speed of the aircraft landing gear wheel just prior to touchdown. Sink speed is reported for each landing gear individually; that is for the port, starboard, and nose wheels just prior to individual deck contact. In addition the average sink speed of the aircraft main landing gear is calculated just prior to touchdown of the first main landing gear wheel. Sink speed is determined from image data. The symbols used to identify aircraft sink speed are as follows:

 V_{V_A} - average sink speed

 V_{V_S} - sink speed of the starboard main wheel

 V_{V_P} - sink speed of the port main wheel

The values of aircraft sink speed are reported in feet per second (ft/sec)

WIND SPEED V_W —Wind Speed is the wind velocity measured by the survey team's instrumentation. A head wind is defined as the positive direction for the parallel component of wind speed. The perpendicular component of wind speed, the cross wind, is also reported. Wind speed is reported in knots.

LIST OF SUBSCRIPTS

STATISTICAL SYMBOLS

P - Port

S - Starboard

N - Nose wheel

A - Average

r - Roll

p - Pitch

N - Number of observations (data points)

 \bar{x} - Mean value of a parameter

P - Probability

S - Standard deviation of sample distribution